CLAIMS

1	(Original) 1. An image digitizing system comprising:
2	a spatial array of sensors for converting a visual image to signals,
3	each of said sensors providing a respective signal;
4	a signal converter for converting said signals into pixel data
5	describing an array of pixels, each of said pixels being associated
6	with a respective one of said sensors, the pixel data associated with
7	most of said pixels being a function of signals provided by the
8	respective sensors, the pixel data associated with at least one of
9	said pixels not being a function of a signal from the respective
0	sensor but being a function of one or more signals from
1	neighboring sensors.
1	(Original) 2. An image digitizing system as recited in Claim 1
2	wherein multiple pixels are associated with each sensor so that:
3	for most sensors, all pixels associated with that sensor have
4	values that are functions of the signal provided by that sensor; and
5	for said least one sensor, all pixels associated therewith have
6	values that are not functions of the signals provided by that sensor
7	but are functions of signals provided by neighboring sensors.

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1 (Original) 3. An image digitizing system as recited in Claim 2 2 wherein said signal converter comprises: 3 an analog-to-digital converter for converting said signals to signal data; 4 5 a data processor for converting said signal data to said pixel data; and 6 7 memory for storing sensor calibration values that said data processor uses in converting said signal data to said pixel data, said 8 sensor calibration values being selected from a set of possible 9 calibration values, most of said possible calibration values 10 determining the function accordingly to which a pixel value is 11 determined from the signal data from the signal from the associated 12 sensor, a first of said possible calibration values indicating that the 13 14 pixel value for the corresponding pixel is not to be a function of 15 signal data from the associated sensor but a function of the signal 16 data from a neighboring sensor. 1 (Original) 4. An image digitizing system as recited in Claim 3 wherein said sensor calibration values are two dimensional, with an 2 3 offset-function value corresponding to an offset function and a scaling-function value corresponding to a scaling function, said 4 possible calibration values defining an extreme scaling-function 5 6 value and an extreme offset-function value, said first possible 7 calibration value specifying said extreme offset-function value and said extreme scaling-function value. 8

1 (Original) 5. An image digitizing method comprising: calibrating an array of sensors so as to distinguish "good" and 2 3 "bad" sensors; using said array to convert a visual image to signals; 4 converting said signals to image data including pixel values 5 associated with an array of pixels, each pixel corresponding to a 6 7 respective one of said sensors, pixel values associated a good sensor being a function of the signal provided by that good sensor, pixel 8 values associated with a bad sensor not being a function of the 9 signal provided by that bad sensor but being a function of at least 10 one signal provided by a neighboring good sensor. 11 (Original) 6. A method as recited in Claim 5 wherein said image 1 data describes a series of raster lines, each of said raster lines 2 3 including a series of said pixels, all pixels associated with said bad 4 sensor having values determined not as a function of a signal provided by said bad pixel but as a function of said neighboring 5 6 good sensor. 1 (Original) 7. A method as recited in Claim 6 wherein said 2 converting step involves: converting said signals into digital signal data; and 3 converting said digital signal data into said pixel data using 4 5 sensor calibration values associated with respective ones of said 6 sensors, said sensor calibration values being selected from a range of possible calibration values, said bad sensor being associated with 7 a possible sensor calibration value that indicates that the 8 corresponding pixel data is determined not as a function of its 9 10 signal but as a function of the signal of a neighboring sensor.

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1 (Original) 8. An image digitizing method as recited in Claim 7 2 wherein said sensor calibration values are two dimensional, with an offset-function value corresponding to an offset function and a 3 4 scaling-function value corresponding to a scaling function, said 5 possible calibration values defining a maximal scaling-function value and a maximum offset-function value, the sensor calibration 6 7 value for said bad sensor specifying said maximum offset-function 8 value and said maximum scaling-function value. 1 (Original) 9. An image-digitization method comprising the steps 2 of: 3 using an array of sensors to generate a series of signals; and converting said signals into pixel data describing an array of 4 pixels, each of said pixels being associated with a respective one of 5 6 said sensors, the pixel data associated with most of said pixels 7 being a function of signals provided by the respective sensors, the 8 pixel data associated with at least one of said pixels not being a 9 function of a signal from the respective sensor but being a function 10 · of a signal from a neighboring sensor. 1 (Original) 10. A method as recited in Claim 9 wherein plural pixels are associated with each of said sensors so that for said at 2 3 least one of said sensors none of the pixels associated therewith are 4 described by pixel data that is a function of a signal associated with 5 that sensor.

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1 (Original) 11. A method as recited in Claim 10 wherein said 2 converting step involves: 3 converting said signals into digital signal data; and 4 converting said digital signal data into said pixel data using sensor calibration values associated with respective ones of said 5 sensors, said sensor calibration values being selected from a range 6 7 of possible calibration values, at least one of said possible calibration values indicating a sensor for which the corresponding 8 pixel data is determined not as a function of its signal but as a 9 function of the signal of a neighboring sensor. 10 1 (Original) 12. An image digitizing method as recited in Claim 11 2 wherein said sensor calibration values are two dimensional, with an offset-function value corresponding to an offset function and a 3 4 scaling-function value corresponding to a scaling function, said 5 possible calibration values defining a maximal scaling-function value and a maximum offset-function value, said first possible 6 7 calibration value specifying said maximum offset-function value and said maximum scaling-function value. 8